### GENERAL INVESTMENT & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025



## NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of GENERAL INVESTMENT & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of GENERAL INVESTMENT & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025 and the statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2025 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express

any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



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#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
  risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
  related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to
  continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required
  to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements

all.



or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) Proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) the company was in compliance with the requirements of section 78 of Securities Act, 2015 and section 62 of the Futures Market Act, 2016 and the relevant requirement of Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations Regulations), 2016 as at the date on which the statement of financial position was prepared.
- d) the company was in compliance with the relevant requirements of Futures Brokers (Licensing and Operations Regulations),2018 as at the date on which the statement of financial position was prepared.
- e) Investment made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of Company's business; and
- No zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Imran Ul Haq.

Place: Islamabad

Date:

UDIN: AR2025 Tol63 sqeuCORVY

Nasir Javaid Magsood Imran

Chartered Accountants

# GENERAL INVESTMENT & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

ASSETS	Note	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property and equipment	4	13,258,631	16,363,013
Intangible assets	5	5,000,000	5,000,000
Long term investments	6	359,658,728	335,915,196
Long term deposits	7	2,765,000	1,425,000
Deferred tax asset net	8		
		380,682,359	358,703,209
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivable - net	9	22,242,728	12,695,764
Short Term Advances and Deposits	10	52,873,357	22,299,473
Short term investments	12	71,220	2,745,435
Cash and bank balances	13	109,172,210	64,003,220
		184,359,515	101,743,892
		565,041,874	460,447,102
EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	14	94,029,300	94,029,300
Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI		263,065,714	239,322,183
Unappropriated profit		75,889,443	57,467,341
Director's Loan	15		10,000,000
		432,984,457	400,818,824
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	16	130,485,858	59,162,410
Provision for taxation	17	1,571,559	465,868
		132,057,417	59,628,278
Contingencies and committments	18		
AT A THE TAX A CASE OF TAX A SECURITIES OF TAX		565,041,874	460,447,102

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

# GENERAL INVESTMENT & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Note	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
Revenue	19	64,153,125	60,555,733
Unrealized gain/(loss) on equity instruments at FVTPL. Gain on sale of equity instruments at FVTPL - net	12	33,185 399,850	1,150,315
47.0		64,586,160	61,706,048
Operating and Administrative expenses	20	(43,983,458)	(36,996,780)
Operating profit		20,602,702	24,709,269
Other income /(Loss)	21	1,079,774	(2,108,634)
Profit before taxation and levy		21,682,476	22,600,635
Levies	17	(1,483,208)	(3,478,497)
Profit before taxation		20,199,268	19,122,137
Taxation	22	(2,117,166)	¥ .
Profit after taxation		18,082,102	19,122,137

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

# GENERAL INVESTMENT & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
18,082,102	19,122,137
23,743,531	8,303,180
41,825,634	27,425,317
	Rupees 18,082,192 23,743,531

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

# GENERAL INVESTMENT & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit/(Loss) before taxation and levy		21,682,476	22,600,635
Adjustments:	-		
Depreciation		3,298,182	2,903,607
Error adjustment		340,000	2 222 420
Provision for Bad debt		190,952	2,772,428 (1,150,315)
Unrealized loss / (gain) on short-term investments		(579,824) (9,571,919)	(19,755,031)
Dividend income	L	(6,322,609)	(15,229,311)
	55	(minmaton))	(10/88/7011)
Profit before working capital changes	11.55	15,359,868	7,371,324
Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Trade receivable - net		(9,737,916)	(4,316,301)
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(30,573,884)	(7,423,425)
30.000.		(40,311,800)	(11,739,727)
ncrease/(decrease) in current liabilities		** *** ***	16 106 077
Trade and other payables		71,323,448	35,125,077
Cash generated from / (used in) operations		46,371,516	30,756,673
Dividends received		9,571,919	19,755,031
Income tax paid	- [	(2,494,684)	(3,036,636)
		7,077,235	16,718,395
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		53,448,751	47,475,068
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for acquisition of property and equipment		(193,800)	+
recipt on disposal of property and equipment		-	
recipt on disposal of securities		3,254,039	
Decrease/(increase) in long-term deposits		(1,340,000)	650,000
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities		1,720,239	650,000
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loan from Directors (repaid / converted) / received - net	29	(10,900,000)	
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		(10,000,000)	
Net (decrease) / increase in eash and eash equivalents		45,168,990	48,125,068
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		64,003,220	15,878,152
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	13	109,172,210	64,003,220
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial sto	tiements.		
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Chief Executive Officer



GENERAL INVESTMENT & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 36, 2025

		Revenue reserve Capital reserve			
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Unappropriated profit/(loss)	Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOC1	Director's Loan	Total
			Кар	001	
ance so at June 30, 2023	94,029,304	38,345,204	231,019,003	18,000,000	375,393,507
tal comprehensive iscome for the year					
Some Shares Issued	+1	-	+	-	
Shares tenand for Cosh			-	38	9,000000
Gnin/(Leon) for the year	71	19,822,137	-	3	19,122,137
Other comprehensive income (loss)	* 1	*	8,303,180		8,300,180
Losn From Directors			*	17,000,000	17,000,000
Repayment of Loan		-		(17,000,000)	[17,600,000
	100	19,122,137	8.363,180		17,415,317
lance as at June 30, 2024	94,029,300	57,467,341	239,322,183	16,000,060	400,518,824
Scena Shares Initial					
Shares issued for Cash	14	9		-	
Opin't Load for the year	2	18,482,102		9	15,052,103
Other comprehensive income/time!	- 1	-	23,743,531	37	23,743,531
Vior year error adjustment		340,000	-	+	
Loss From Directors		7-11-6	+	Value 100 and	Come word
Repayment of Loan			+	(10,800,000)	(10,000,000
		18,422,102	23,743,531	(10,006,000)	31,825,634

#### 1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

1.1 General Investment Securities (Private) Limited (the "Company") is a private limited company incorporated in Pakistan on November 11, 1997 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017). The Company is a holder of Trading Rights Entitlement Certificate ("TREC") of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited. The Company is principally engaged in the business of investment advisory, purchase and sale of securities, financial consultancy, brokerage, underwriting, portfolio management and securities research.

The geographical location and address of Company and its branch office is as follows:

Business Units Geographical Location

Registered offices Office #1209,12th Floor, ISE Tower,55-B Jinah Avenue, Blue Area, Islamabad.

Branch Office # 6, Block I, Mall Business Center, The Mall Road, Rawalpindi.

#### 2 ACCOUNTING CONVENTION AND BASIS FOR PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except:

- Investments in quoted equity securities (whether classified as assets at fair value through profit or loss, or at fair value through other comprehensive income), which are carried at fair value;
- Investments in unquoted equities, measured at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- Derivative financial instruments, which are marked-to-market as appropriate under relevant accounting and reporting standards.

#### 2.2 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act); and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

- 2.2.2 The assumptions and estimates which are significant to the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 3.
- 2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards
  - a) Amendments to accounting and reporting standards that became effective during the year

There were certain amendments that became applicable for the Company during the year but are not considered to be relevant or did not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and have, therefore, not been disclosed in these financial statements except as mentioned below:

#### b) Standards and amendments to accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective and not early adopted by the Company

There are certain new standards and amendments to the accounting and reporting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2025. However, these amendments will not have any significant effect on the financial reporting of the Company and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

#### 2.4 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is also the company's functional currency.

#### 3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented.

#### 3.1 Financial assets and liabilities

#### 3.1.1 Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

#### a) Amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows, where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets, impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gain or loss arising on

#### b) Fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### c) Fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income or assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss using fair value option, are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on debt instrument that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss in the year in which it arises

Financial assets are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently remeasured to fair value, amortised cost or cost as the case may be. Any gain or loss on the recognition and de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investment in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

All purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date which is the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the financial asset.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### 3.1.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortised cost are initially measured at fair value less transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 3.1.3 Impairment

#### a) Financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets. The Company applies general approach in calculating expected credit losses. It is based on difference between the contractual cashflows due in accordance with the contract and all the cashflows that the Company expects to receive discounted at the approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cashflows will include cash flows from sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

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#### b) Non-Financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use. Value-in-use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (i.e. cash generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### 3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost. For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, balances with banks in current and savings accounts.

#### 3.3 Property and equipment

#### Initial Recognition

Items of property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (if any) and impairment losses (if any). Cost includes expenditure that is direct attributable to the acquisition of the items.

#### Subsequent measurement

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Where such subsequent costs are incurred to replace parts and are capitalized, the carrying amount of replaced parts is derecognized. All other repair and maintenance expenditures are charged to profit or loss during the year in which the are incurred.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation on all items of property and equipment is calculated using the reducing balance method, in accordance with the rates specified in note 4 to these financial statements and after taking into account residual value, if material. Residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. Depreciation is charged on an asset from the date when the asset is available for use until the asset is disposed off.

#### Disposal

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on asset derecognition (calculated as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit and loss account in the year in which the asset is derecognized.

#### Judgments and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### Impairment

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

#### Change in estimate

The Company reviews useful lives of property and equipment on a regular basis. Any change in estimates in future years which might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment loss. Further, management also on a year basis reviews the carrying amounts of certain classes of property and equipment which are carried at revalued amounts. Any change in estimate in future years which might affect the carrying amount of these classes with a corresponding effect on the surplus on revaluation of property and equipment, related deferred tax liability and related charge of incremental depreciation.

#### 3.4 Intangible Asset - Acquired

#### TREC Certificates and PMEX Certificate

These are stated at cost less impairment losses (if any). Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Trading Right Entitlement Certificates and Membership Card have indefinite useful life and accordingly are not amortized however, these are tested for impairment only. Impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss account.

#### Judgments and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and amortization method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### 3.5 Trade Receivable

#### Measurement

Trade receivable are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at cost less provision for Expected Credit Loss.

#### Impairment

A provision for impairment of trade debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debts. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Bad debts are written-off in the statement of profit or loss on identification.

#### Judgments and estimates

Management reviews its trade debtors on a continuous basis to identify receivables where collection of the amount is no longer probable. These estimates are based on historical experience and are subject to change in condition at the time of actual recovery.

#### 3.6 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

#### Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at current tax rates after considering all tax credits and rebates available, if any.

#### Levy

The amount of minimum taxes over and above tax chargeable on profits and final tax chargeable under the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 are recognized as levy.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax

assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against

which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the year when the differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of profit or loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is included in comprehensive income or equity.

#### Judgment and estimates

Significant judgment is required in determining the income tax expenses and corresponding provision for tax. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain as these matters are being contested at various legal forums. The Company recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Further, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and is adjusted to reflect the current assessment of future taxable profits. If required, carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits to allow the benefit of part or all of that recognized deferred tax asset to be utilized. Any such reduction shall be reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

#### Off-setting

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.7 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 3.8 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received.

#### 3.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount could be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses. Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

#### Judgement and estimates

As the actual outflows can differ from estimates made for provisions due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to take account of such changes. Any adjustments to the amount of previously recognised provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of cost of an asset.

#### Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or the company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 3.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when services are provided to customers and thereby performance obligation is satisfied at amount which company expects to receive in exchange. Revenue is recognized on the following basis:

#### Brokerage Commission

Brokerage, consultation and advisory fee and commission on securities and commodities is recognized as and when related services are rendered.

#### Income on bank deposits

Mark-up / interest on bank deposits and return on investments is recognized on time apportionment basis when right to receive is established using effective interest rate.

#### Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss as other income when:

- the Company's right to receive payment have been established;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the company; and
- the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### Others

Gain / loss on sale of investment is recognized in the year in which they arise.

#### 3.11 Borrowings

These are recorded at the proceeds received. Finance costs are accounted for on accrual basis and are

disclosed as accrued interest / mark-up to the extent of the amount unpaid at the reporting date.

#### 3.12 Fiduciary assets

Assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity by the Company are not treated as assets of the Company.

#### 3.13 Related party transactions

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes, as admissible, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Company to do so.

### 4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer Equipment	Fixture and Furniture	Office Equipment	Vehicles	Total.
			Amount in R	apees	
At July 1, 2023					
Cost	2,244,001	841,058	1,563,928	27,716,324	32,365,311
Accumulated depreciation	(1,996,796)	(741,406)	(1,194,250)	(9,166,239)	(13,098,691)
Net book value	247,205	99,652	369,678	18,550,085	19,266,620
Year ended June 30, 2024					
Additions			-		
Disposals	*				17
Depreciation charge for the year	(74,161)	(9,965)	(36,968)	(2,782,513)	(2,903,607
Net book value as at June 30, 2024	173,043	89,687	332,710	15,767,572	16,363,013
At June 30, 2024					
Cost	2,244,001	841,058	1,563,928	27,716,324	32,365,311
Accumulated depreciation	(2,070,958)	(751,371)	(1,231,218)	(11,948,752)	(16,002,298
Net book value	173,043	89,687	332,710	15,767,572	16,363,013
Year ended June 30, 2025					
Additions	141,800	52,000			193,800
Disposals	-	-		*	
Depreciation charge for the year	(98,370)	(13,026)	(33,271)	(3,153,514)	(3,298,182
Net book value as at June 30, 2025	74,673	76,661	299,439	12,614,058	13,258,631
At June 30, 2025					
THE PARTY OF PARTY	2,385,801	893,058	1,563,928	27,716,324	32,559,111
Accumulated depreciation	(2,169,328)	(764,397)	(1,264,489)	(15,102,266)	(19,300,480
Net book value	216,473	128,661	299,439	12,614,058	13,258,631
Annual Rate of depreciation (%)	33	10	10	20	

5	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	Note	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
	Trading Right Entitlement Certificate ("TREC")	5.1	2,500,000	2,500,000
	Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Membership Card	5.2	2,500,000	2,500,000
			5,000,000	5,000,000

- 5.1 The Company has pledged/hypothecated Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX) at a notional value of Rs. 2.5 million to meet Base Minimum Capital (BMC) requirement.
- 5.2 Theses are carried at below notional value which is Rs. 2.5 million as published by the PMEX.

#### 6 LONG TERM INVESTMENTS - FVTOCI

#### Non-listed Equity Securites

6.1	335,915,196	327,566,567
		45,450
	* 1	
0		
	23,743,531	8,303,180
6.2	359,658,728	335,915,196
	0	0 23,743,531

6.1 As a result of the demutualization and corporatization of stock exchanges, the Company received 3,034,603 shares at Rs.10 each share, of ISE Towers REIT Management Limited. Of these, (1,820,762 shares) were held in a separate Central Depository Company Limited ("CDC") sub-account, blocked until they are sold to strategic investors, financial institutions and/or the general public. The remaining shares 1,213,841 shares were allotted to the Company.

The Company acquired 12,900,653 further shares from other companies and pledged the 1,679,238 to Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) to meet the Base Minimum Capital requirement of the company.

- 6.2 These shares are neither listed on any exchange nor are they actively traded. As a result, fair value has been estimated by reference to the latest break-up value of Rs. 22.57 according to audited financial statements of ISE REIT Management Company Limited for the year ended June 30, 2025 (2024: 21.08) or net asset value per share of these shares notified by ISE Towers REIT Management Limited.
- 6.3 During the year, the Company disposed of 512 shares of ISE REIT. The legal transfer of these shares is pending as at 30 June 2025 so disposal has not been recorded.

#### 7 LONG TERM DEPOSITS

Central Depository Company Limited National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited PMEX Deposit

				- 4	
17301	No.	secur	ithu	den	custific
2.744	-	Secon.	443*	MINN	wans

Rupees	Rupees
100,000	100,000
1,400,000	200,000
750,000	790,000
2,250,000	1,000,000
515,000	425,000
2,765,000	1,425,000

2025

#### 8 DEFERRED TAX ASSET / LIABILITY NET

The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income tax in the same jurisdiction, and the law allows not settlement. Therefore, they have been offset in the statement of financial position as follows:

Deferred tax Asset / (Liability)



es
(2,716)
07,626
00,615
90,482
90,560
65,337
9 9

As at year end, the company has not recognized deferred tax asset amounting to Rs.5,356,311 (2024: 8,165,337) in these financial statements owing to doubt about sufficient generation of taxable profits in future. Further the expiry of tax credits is as follows:

2025   334,001			2025 Rupees	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees	2024 Rupees
2026   974,055   974,055   2027   852,746   852,746   2028   2029   2030   794,092   794,092   2031   235,666   235,666   235,666   2025   2024   Rupees			Minimum Tax	Tax losses	Minimum tax	Tax losses
2027   852,746   852,746   2028   2029   2030   794,092   794,092   235,666   235,666   235,666   2024   Rupees   Rupe		2025	A SAN TOWN OF THE PERSON OF TH	*		
2028   794,092   794,092   794,092   2030   794,092		2026	974,055			
2029   2030   794,092   794,092   235,666   2025   2024		2027	852,746		852,746	
2030		2028				
2031   235,666   235,666   - 235,666		2029				
9 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLE Note Rupees Rupees Other parties Related parties 9,1 2,233,511 2,233,511 2,269,25 356,560 13,135,342 12,590,071 Cther Receivable 9,2 15,876,360 6,683,715 29,011,702 19,273,786 Less: Provision for expected credit loss Customer 9,3 (6,768,974) (6,578,022) 22,242,728 12,695,764  9,1 The aging of receivable from related party as at the reporting date is as follows: Not past due Past due 0 - 30 days Past due 31 - 90 days Past due 91 - 1 year Past due more than 1 year 24,925 120,532 26,925 356,560  9,2 Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  2025 2024 Rupces Rupces Rupces Repects Rupces		2030	-0.70707070			
9 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLE Other parties Related parties 0		2031	235,666	-	235,666	
Other parties   Related parties   9,1   26,925   356,560   13,135,342   12,590,071					2025	
Related parties   9,1   26,925   356,560   13,135,342   12,590,071	9	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLE		Note	Rupees	Rupees
Related parties   9.1   26,925   356,560   13,135,342   12,590,071		Other parties			13,108,417	12,233,511
13,135,342   12,590,071     Other Receivable   9.2   15,876,360   6,683,715     Less: Provision for expected credit loss   29,011,702   19,273,786     Less: Provision for expected credit loss   29,011,702   19,273,786     Customer   9.3   (6,768,974)   (6,578,022)     22,242,728   12,695,764     9.1 The aging of receivable from related party as at the reporting date is as follows:   Not past due   49,463   2,000   - 49,463     Past due   9 - 30 days   2,000   - 186,565     Past due   91 + 1 year   24,925   120,532     Past due more than 1 year   24,925   356,560     9.2 Other Receivables   9.2.1   15,876,360   6,580,412     Receivable from NCCPL   9.2.1   15,876,360   6,380,412     Receivable from PMEX   103,303		The state of the s		9.1	26,925	356,560
Less: Provision for expected credit loss Customer  9.3  (6,768,974)  (6,578,022)  9.1 The aging of receivable from related party as at the reporting date is as follows:  Not past due Past due 0 - 30 days Past due 31 - 90 days Past due 91 + 1 year Past due more than 1 year  9.2  Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  29,011,702 19,273,786 (6,578,022) 12,695,764  49,463 2,000 186,565 120,532 26,925 356,560		Service Control			13,135,342	12,590,071
Less: Provision for expected credit loss   29,011,702   19,273,786		Other Receivable		9.2	15,876,360	6,683,715
Customer 9.3 (6,768,974) (6,578,022)  22,242,728 12,695,764  9.1 The aging of receivable from related party as at the reporting date is as follows:  Not past due Past due 0 - 30 days Past due 91 - 1 year Past due more than 1 year  9.2 Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  9.3 (6,768,974) (6,578,022)  22,242,728 12,695,764  49,463  24,9463  24,925 186,565  24,925 120,532  26,925 356,560		- CONT. 1988-1-1003			29,011,702	19,273,786
Customer 9.3 (6,768,974) (6,578,022)  22,242,728 12,695,764  9.1 The aging of receivable from related party as at the reporting date is as follows:  Not past due Past due 0 - 30 days Past due 91 - 1 year Past due more than 1 year  9.2 Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  9.3 (6,768,974) (6,578,022)  22,242,728 12,695,764  49,463  24,9463  24,925 186,565  24,925 120,532  26,925 356,560		Less: Provision for expected credit loss				
9.1 The aging of receivable from related party as at the reporting date is as follows:  Not past due  Past due 0 - 30 days  Past due 31 - 90 days  Past due 91 - 1 year  Past due more than 1 year  9.2 Other Receivables  Receivable from NCCPL  Receivable from PMEX  PAST due is as follows:  49,463  24,925  186,565  120,532  24,925  356,560  9.2 Other Receivables  Receivable from NCCPL  Receivable from PMEX				9.3	(6,768,974)	(6,578,022)
9.1 The aging of receivable from related party as at the reporting date is as follows:  Not past due  Past due 0 - 30 days  Past due 31 - 90 days  Past due 91 - 1 year  Past due more than 1 year  9.2 Other Receivables  Receivable from NCCPL  Receivable from PMEX  PAST due is as follows:  49,463  24,925  186,565  24,925  120,532  26,925  356,560					22,242,728	
Not past due Past due 0 - 30 days Past due 31 - 90 days Past due 91 - 1 year Past due more than 1 year  9.2 Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  49,463 249,25 24925 120,532 26,925 356,560  9.2.1 15,876,360 6,580,412 103,303	0.1	The sains of receivable from related north as	at the resorting date is a	s follows:		*
Past due 0 - 30 days Past due 31 - 90 days Past due 91 + 1 year Past due more than 1 year  9.2 Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  49,463 24,925 186,565 24,925 356,560  9.2.1 15,876,360 6,580,412 103,303	20.0					
Past due 31 - 90 days Past due 91 - 1 year Past due more than 1 year  9.2 Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  2,000 186,565 24,925 120,532 26,925 356,560  9.2.1 15,876,360 6,580,412 103,303						49,463
Past due 91 - 1 year Past due more than 1 year  9.2 Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  186.565  24,925 120,532 26,925 356,560  186.565  24,925 120,532 26,925 356,560  15,876,360 6,580,412 103,303					2,000	
Past due more than 1 year 24,925 120,532 26,925 356,560  9.2 Other Receivables Receivable from NCCPL 9.2.1 15,876,360 6,580,412 Receivable from PMEX - 103,303		Contract to the contract to th			77.50	186,565
9.2 Other Receivables  Receivable from NCCPL Receivable from PMEX  26,925 356,560  9.2.1 15,876,360 6,580,412 103,303		CONTROL OF			24,925	120,532
Receivable from NCCPL 9.2.1 15,876,360 6,580,412 Receivable from PMEX - 103,303		Past due note that a year			26,925	356,560
Receivable from PMEX	9.2	Other Receivables				
Receivable from Pivites		Receivable from NCCPL		9.2.1	15,876,360	
15,876,360 6,683,715		Receivable from PMEX				103,303
					15,876,360	6,683.715

9.2.1 This represents amount receivable against trading of securities in all markets which will be settled on 2-July-2025



9.3	Provision for expected credit loss	2025 0 Rupees 0	2024 Rupees
	Delinear of John I	6,578,022	3,805,594
	Balance as at July 1 Charged during the year	190,952	2,772,428
		6,768,974	6,578,022
	Closing balance (as at June 30)	6,708,274	0,570,022
	This represents amount receivable against trading of securities in all markets which w	rill he settled on 2-July-2025	
		2025	2024
		Rupees	Rupees
10	Short Term Advances and Deposits		
	Short-term loans and advances		
	Advances to employees	2,135,000	270,000
	Loan to director	100,000	
	Advance for purchase of vehicle	7.863,020	-
	Security Deposit	-	1,300,000
	socially preprint	10,098,020	1,570,000
	Short-term deposits	24.040.000	18,950,000
	NCCPL exposure Margin - House	21,010,000 20,666,120	1,161,021
	NCCPL exposure Margin - Clients	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	618,452
	PMEX Clearing Deposit	1,099,217	20,729,473
			22,299,473
		52,873,357	66,699,413
11	TAX REFUNDABLE		
	Opening balance (as at July 1)	*	1,699,038
	Add: Current year withholding/payment	2,494,684	3,036,636
	Less: Adjustment against provision for taxation and levies	(2,494,684)	(4,735,674)
	Balance at the end of the year		
12	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS - FVTPL	7-10-0-1	
	Opening Balance	2,745,435	1,595,120
	Disposal of shares	(3,254,039)	1.150.315
	Fair value adjustment	579,824	1,150,315
		71,220	2,745,435
		Market v	alue
	Beema Pakistan company limited - Freeze - 16,000 (2024: 16,000) Shares		(2)
	Business & Industrial Insurance co ltd - Freeze - 459 (2024: 459) Shares		7. *
	Fauji Foods limited - 500 (2024: 500) Shares	7,740	4,435
	Oil & Gas Development company limited - 0 (2024; 20,000) Shares		2,707,400
	Popular Islamic Modarba - 3,000 (2024: 3,000) Shares	63,480	33,600
	uan n∎ manakan minina na kanakan kanakan dalah manakan PETTM WENTTENA (I	71,220	2,745,435
Velues	Colonia City and Assessment determined by reference to published price mun	stations in an active market	

12.1 Fair values of these equity shares are determined by reference to published price quotations in an active market.

13	CASH AND	BANK BALAS	NCES			Note	2025 Rupees	2024 Rupees
	Cash in hand	and the state of the			-	15000	46	34
		. Local curren	icy				****	54
	Current sec		77.87				101,582,544	62,338,063
	Savings acc	counts				13.1	7,589,620	1,665,123
							109,172,210	64,003,220
3.1	The rate of m	arkup for the ye	ar ended 2025 nur	iges from 10% to	13.5% (	2024: 13.25%-17.5	50%)	
14	ISSUED, SU	BSCRIBED A	ND PAID-UP CA	PITAL				
4.1	Authorized o	apital						
	1,800,000 (2 fully paid in a		ordinary shares	of PKR 100 ea	ich,	-	180,000,000	180,000,000
14.2	Issued, subse	cribed and paid	-up share capital					
	855,450	855,450	Ordinary shar	es of Rs.100 each	, issued t	or eash	85,545,000	85,545,000
	84,843	84,843	Ordinary Shar	res of Rs. 100 each	i issued a	s bonus shares	8,484,300	8,484,300
	940,293	940,293	-				94,029,300	94,029,300
14.3	Shareholder	s holding 5% o	r more of total sh	areholding				
			Ε		er of Sha	res	Percent	age
				2025		2024	2025	2024
	Ch. Muhamm	ad Aslam	_	874,8	48	874,848	93.04%	93,045
							2025	2021
							2025	2024
15	DIRECTOR Director's Lo					Note 15.1	Rupees	2024 Rupees 10,000,000
100	Director's Lo	an epayable on the			is unsecu	15.1		Rupees 10,000,000
100	Director's Lo	an epayable on the	discretion of the		is unsecu	15.1	Rupees = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Rupees 10,000,000 , accounted for i
201	Director's Lo	an epayable on the			is unsecu	15.1	Rupees = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Rupees 10,000,000 accounted for 1 2024
1	Director's Lo The loan is r accordance w	an epayable on the ith the technica	Release - 32 issu		is unsecu	15.1	Rupees = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Rupees 10,000,000 , accounted for
5.1	Director's Lo The loan is r accordance w	epayable on the ith the technica oan movement			is unsecu	15.1	Rupees = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Rupees 10,000,000 r accounted for i 2024 Rupees
5.1	Director's Lo	epayable on the ith the technica oan movement	Release - 32 issu		is unsecu	15.1	ree Ioan. This Ioan is 2025 Rupees	Rupees 10,000,000 , accounted for i 2024 Rupees
5.1	Director's Lo The loan is r accordance w Director's Lo Opening Bala	epayable on the ith the technica oan movement	Release - 32 issu		is unsecu	15.1	ree Ioan. This Ioan is 2025 Rupees	Rupees 10,000,000 , accounted for i
15 5.1 5.2	Director's Lo The loan is r accordance w Director's Lo Opening Bali Addition/Tra	epayable on the ith the technica oan movement ince nater	Release - 32 issu		is unsecu	15.1	ree loan. This loan is 2025 Rupees 10,000,000	Rupees 10,000,000 accounted for 2024 Rupees 10,000,000 17,000,000

16	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	11441070	2025	2024
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Payable to account holders Advance from customer	16.1	126,796,436	58,407,241
	Accrued and other payables		2,050,000	255.160
	Accided and other physicies		1,639,422	755,169 59,162,410
16.1	Trade payables include balances amounting to Rs. 59,872,63	58 (2024: Rs. 17,753,302) du	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	39,192,410
			2. Save pro 2000 1. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	
			2025	2024
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
17	PROVISION FOR TAXATION			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		465,868	1,723,042
	Add: Current year levies		1,483,208	3,478,497
	Add: Current year provision		2,117,166	-
	Waster Halle To July 10 - 10 to 10 t		4,066,242	5,201,539
	Less: Adjustment against advance tax		(2,494,684)	(4,735,674)
	Balance Payable / (Receivable)		1,571,559	465,868
18 18.1	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS  There are no contingencies or commitments of the Company	as at June 30, 2025 /2024 3	sin.	
	REVENUE		3-1/2	
19			53,641,953	40,278,947
	Commission Income Equity Trading Commission Income Commodity trading		939,253	521,755
	Commission income Commonly making		54,581,206	40,800,702
	Less: Federal Excise Duty		54,581,206	40,800,702
	Dividend income		9,571,919	19,755,031
			9,571,919	19,755,031
			64,153,125	60,555,733
20	OPERATING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			0.2500000000000000000000000000000000000
	Staff salaries, allowances and other benefits		24,212,916	19,275,115
	Depreciation		3,298,182	2,903,607
	Traveling and conveyance		109,690	141,810
	Telephone		513,140 593,726	303,830 538,278
	Entertainment Advertisement		393,720	50,000
	Auditors' remuneration	20,1	475,000	395,250
	PSX and CDC charges	20.1	2,984,638	1,460,014
	PMEX charges		257,153	121,706
	ISE charges		1,241,866	968,217
	NCCPL charges		1,598,197	92,437
	Newspapers and periodicals		13,230	10,560
	Internet charges			11,784
	Printing and stationery		110,756	86,470
	Postage and courier charges		18,398	38,070
	Fee and subscription		720,776	572,856

		2025	2024
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Legal und Professional charges		313,000	141,235
Repair and maintenance		244,462	41,700
Vehicle Running and Maintenance		515,984	1,995,023
Short term lease, rate and taxes		5,000,930	6,456,363
Software charges		157,500	104,500
Office expenses		71,295	286,600
Bank and other charges		285	855
Utilities		688,979	902,067
Insurance		510,900	
Miscellaneous		332,455	98,433
		43,983,458	36,996,780
		2025	2024
20.1 Auditor's remuneration	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Audit Services			
Annual Audit fee		375,000	300,000
Non-audit services		100,000	95,250
Certifications for regulatory purposes		475,000	395,250
21 OTHER INCOME / (LOSS)			
Profit on savings and deposit accounts		1,256,394	489,21
Expected credit loss		(190,952)	(2,772,42)
Mixellaneous income		14,333	174,58
		1,079,774	(2,108,63
22 TAXATION			
Current tax		2,146,907	
Prior year		(29,741)	
Deferred tax			-
		2.117,166	-
22.1 Tax expense reconcillation			
Accounting profit		20,199,268	
Tax rate		29%	
Tax as per Accounting profit		5,857,788	
Less tax losses and credits		(4,412,712)	
Final tax		1,483,208	-
Others		(811,118)	
		2,117,166	
		145	

#### 23 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements for remuneration to the chief executive, directors and executives of the Company as per the terms of their employment are set out in the table below:

2025		2024	Language Control
Remuneration	No of Person Remunerati		No of Person
Rupees		Rupeca	
459,226	1	579,459.00	1
	9		-
3,850,092	2	2,614,800	
4,309,318	3	3,194,259	

#### 24 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

Directors Chief Executive Executives

		2025	5			
	Amortized cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL.	Total		
	- 11	Rupe	es			
ASSETS						
Non-current assets	* ***			2 266 000		
Long term deposits	2,765,000	240 440 720	-	2,765,900 359,658,728		
Long term investments		359,658,728		329,028,748		
Current assets			20,220			
Short term investments	West and the		71,220	71,220		
Trade and other receivable - net	22,242,728			22,242,728		
Short Term Advances and Deposits	45,010,337			45,010,337		
Cash and bank balances	109,172,210			109,172,210		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities				-0.00 March 0.00		
Current liabilities	127,353,498			127,353,498		
	2024					
	Amortized cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Total		
		Rupe	(6)			
ASSETS		2001000	100			
Non-current assets						
Long term deposits	1,425,000			1,425,000		
Long term investments		335,915,196		335,915,196		
Current assets						
Short term investments			2,745,435	2,745,435		
Trade and other receivable - net	12,695,764			12,695,764		
Short Term Advances and Deposits	22,299,473		17	22,299,473		
Cash and bank balances	64,003,220			64,003,220		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables	59,162,410			59,162,410		
trees may other bullaness						



#### 25 CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure.

Net capital requirements of the Company are set and regulated by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. These requirements are put in place to ensure sufficient solvency margins and are based on excess of current assets over The Capital adequacy level as required by CDC is calculated as follows:

2045	2024
Rupees	Rupees
565.041,874	460,447,102
(132,057,417)	(59,628,278)
432,984,457	400,818,824
	Rupets 565.041,874 (132,057,417)

While determining the value of the total assets of the TREC holder, notional value of the TRE certificate as at year ended as determined by Pakistan Stock Exchange has been considered.

#### 26 BASE MINIMUM CAPITAL

In compliance with the Regulation 19.2 of the Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, every Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) holder registered as a broker, is required to maintain a Base Minimum Capital (BMC) in the amount and form as prescribed in the Rule on the basis of Assets Under Custody (AUC). The Company has pledged TRE Certificate and a portion of shares of ISE REIT to meet this requirement.

	4443	2027
	Rupees	Rupees
Trading Right Entitlement Certificates ISE REIT Management Company Limited	2,500,000 78,995,000	2,500,000 73,780,000
	81,495,000	76,280,000

#### 27 LIQUID CAPITAL BALANCE

Basis of Preparation

The liquid capital balance has been prepared under regulation 6(4) of Third Schedule of Securites Brokers (Licensing and operations) Regulations, 2016 (The Regulations) issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan

Sr. No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value			
	SOME NAME OF THE PROPERTY SEE		Rupres				
. Ass	ets		č 72.				
1.1	Property & Equipment	13,258,631	100%				
1.2	Intangible Assets	5,800,000	100%				
1.3	Investment in Govt. Securities:						
	Difference between book value and side value on the date on the basis of PKRV published by NIFT  - Sale value on the date on the basis of PKRV published by NIFT		*	=			
1.4							
1,4	Investment in Debt, Securities:						
	If listed than:		5%				
	75% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure up to 1 year.      7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.		7.5%	-			
	<ol> <li>7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.</li> <li>10% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.</li> </ol>		10%				
		ytors.	10.79				
	If unlisted than:		10%				
	4, 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure up to 1 year		12.5%				
	II. 12.5% of the bulunce sheet value, in the case of tenurs from 1-3 years		15%				
-	iii. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of torure of more than 3	yrars.	1376				
1.5	Investment in Equity Securities:  I. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities on the cutoff date as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.	71,220	39,249	31,97			
	II. If unlisted, 100% of currying value.	359,558,728	100%	-			
1.6	lavestment in subsidiaries:						
	- 100% of net value		1	- 2			
1.7	Investment in associated companies/undertaking:						
<b>6</b> -1	L. If listed 15% or VuR of each securities as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.			*			
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				
1.8	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing boson or central depository or any other entity  - 100% of net value.	2,765,000	100%	2			
1.9	Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house - Nil Haircut	58,651,697	(+)	58,651,69			
1.10	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB		•				
1.11	Other deposits and prepayments - 100% haircut of currying value		*				
1.12	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.		25	*			
	- nill - 100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties		3	*			
1.13	Dividends receivables: - Nill						
1.14	Amounts receivable against Repo financing:  - Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement.		-	-			
	- Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the investments.						

Sr. No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
			Rupees	
1.15	Advances and Receivables other than trade receivables:			
	i. No Haircut may be applied on the shart term loan to employees provided these loans are secured and due for repayment within 12 months	2,135,000	2,135,000	
	B. No Harrost may be applied to the advance tax to the extent it in netted with provision of taxation.	- 5	8	
	iii. In all other cases 100% of net value	7,863,020	7,863,020	
1.16	Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s):	110000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements	*	- 3	
	against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.			
1.17	Receivables from customers			
	L In case receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if		-	
	a, value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based Harron.			
	b. cash deposited as collineral by the Financee and			
	e, market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying.			
	VaR based haircut.			
	- Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through			
	adjustments.			
	<ol> <li>In case receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net belance sheet value.</li> </ol>		-	
	iii. Itease receivables are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as collateral upon emering into contract.  Net amount after deducting haircut.			
	iv. Incase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue.  ON of the not bulance sheet value.	1,640,581	-	1,640,581
	- Balance sheet value	11,467.836	6,768,974	4,698,862
	<ul> <li>Incase of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of</li> </ul>	11,407,030	0,700,714	1,070,000
	a. the market value of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts after applying VAR based haircuts, b. cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and ε, the market value of securities held as collateral after applying VaR based haircuts.  - Lower of set balance sheet value or value determined through			
	vi. 190% haircut in the case of amount receivable form related	126,925	126,925	
1.18	parties.  Cash and Bank balances:			
	i. Bank Balance-proprietary accounts	13,079,065	-	13,079,065
	ii. Bank balance-customer accounts	96,093,099	*	96,093,099
	iii, Cash in hand	46	- 2	46
1.19	Subscription money against investment in IPO/offer for sals (asset)			
1.19	No haircut may be applied in respect of amount paid as subscription money provided that shares have not bell allotted or are not included in the investments of securities broker.			
	- Net amount after deducting haircuts			
1.24	Total Assets	571,519,848	16,933,173	174,195,32

Sr. No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value	
		Rupees			
. Lia	bilities				
2.1	Trade Payables:				
	i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house				
	ii. Payable against leveraged market products			-	
	iii. Payable to customers	126,796,436	-	126,796,436	
2.2	Current Liabilities:	48/09/5/5/05		11 - 101 - 1033	
	i. Statutory and regulatory dues		(+)		
	ii. Accruals and other payables	3,689,422		3,689,422	
	iii. Short-term borrowings		+		
	iv. Current portion of subordinated loans		-		
	v. Current portion of long term liabilities		-	-	
	vi. Deferred Liabilities		-		
	viii. Provision for taxation	1,571,559	+	1,571,559	
	ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	11111111111			
2,3	Non-Current Linbilities:				
	i. Long-Term financing			-	
	ii, Staff retirement benefits	54	- 4		
	<li>iii. other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements</li>				
	- 100% haircut may be allowed against long term portion of financing obtained from a financial institution tocluding amount due against finance leases.	*	*		
	- Nil in all other cases.				
2.4	Subordinated Loams:				
2.5	100% of Subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP are allowed to be deducted. In this regard, following conditions are specified:  In Loan agreement must be executed on stamp paper and must clearly reflect the amount to be repaid after 12 months of reporting period.  In loanse of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid Capital and revised Liquid Capital attement must be submitted to exchange.  Advance against shares for Increase in Capital of Securities 100% harcost may be allowed in respect of advance against shares if a. The existing authorized share capital allows the proposed enhanced share capital.  Beard of Directors of the company has approved the increase in capital relevant Regulatory approvals have been obtained.  If there is no unreasonable delay in issue of shares against advance and all regulatory requirements relating to the increase in paid up capital have been completed.		10096		
2.6	<ul> <li>a. Auditor is satisfied that such advance is against the incresso of capital.</li> <li>Total Liabilities</li> </ul>	132,057,417		132,057,417	
2.4	State of the second sec				
3.1	nking Liabilities Relating to:  Concentration in Margin Financing:				
3204	The amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the finances exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total finances.	*	*	*	
3.2	Concentration in securities lending and borrowing: The amount by which the aggregate of:	+			
	(i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL  (ii) Cash margins paid and  (iii) The market value of securities pledged at margins exceed the 110% of the market value of shares borrowed  - Amount as determined through adjustment				

Sr. No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupers	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value	
			Rupees		
	Net underwriting Commitments:				
3.3	<ul> <li>(a) - in the case of right issue: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the subscription price; the aggregate of</li> <li>(i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and</li> <li>(ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the - In the case of rights issue; where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting commitment.</li> </ul>	**			
	(b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments		· ·	-	
	-Amount as determined through adjustment			1	
3,4	Negative equity of subsidiary				
	The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary	-			
3.5	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions:				
	5% of the est position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency.  - Amount as determined through adjustment.	•	<		
3.6	Amount Payable under REPO:	:+:	14	1	
200	- Carrying Value				
3.7	Repo adjustment:				
	In the case of financier/purchaser, the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the market value of underlying				
	In the case of finance/seller, the market value of underlying securities after applying harcut less the total amount received Jess value of any securities deposited as collateral by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash deposited by the purchaser.  - Amount as determined through adjustment				
3.8	Concentrated proprietary positions:				
	- If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51% of the total proprietary positions then 5% of the value of such security			7	
	- If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the proprietary position, then 10% of the value of such security - Amount as determined through adjustment	6,348	1	8,3	
3.9	Opening Positions in futures and options:				
	i. In case of customer positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securities held as collateral/pledged with securities exchange offer applying VaR haircots				
	II. In case of proprietary positions , the total margin requirements in	- 3	- 5	1	
7.75	respect of open positions to the extent not already met				
3.10	Short sell positions:				
	I. In case of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VaR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts				
	iii. In case of proprietary positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as collateral.		•		
3.11	Total Ranking Liabilities	6,348	+	6,3	
	quid Capital As At June 30, 2025 (1.20-2.5-3.11)	439,747,083	16,933,173	42,131,5	

#### Calculations Summary of Liquid Capital

(i) Adjusted value of Assets (serial number 1.20)
(ii) Less: Adjusted value of liabilities (serial number 2.6)
(iii) Less: Total ranking liabilities (serial number 3.11)

174,195,321 132,057,417 6,348 42,131,556

28	Inform	nation required by regulation 34 of Securities		
	Broke	r Regulations 2016	2025	2024
a)		Customer shares in the central depository system	91,918,278	98,729,882
		Customer's cash in bank account - PKR	96,093,099	56,999,926
b)		Securities pledged with financial institutions	827772000	
c)		Pattern of shares:		
		Chaudhary Muhammad Ashun	874,848	874,848
		Ozair Aslam Chaudhary	30,774	30,774
		Cmair Aslam Chaudhary	30,774	30,774
		Faisal Nasim	3,897	3,897
		Total no of shares	940,293	940,293
d)		Changes in shareholding:		
		Shares issued during the year to Chaedhary Muhammad Aslam		
		Shares issued during the year to Ozair Aslam Chaudhary	4	
		Shares issued during the year to Omair Aslam Chaudhary		
		Shares issued during the year to Faisal Nasim	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.00000
e)		Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after	er each debt has been consider	ered individually.
		Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is made and	charged to the statement of p	refit or loss.
0		Aging analysis of amount due from customers	-11716-1839	
100		Due not more than 5 days - PKR	1,640,181	1,501,089
		Due more than 5 days - PKR	11,494,761	11,088,982

#### 29 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES AND RECONCILIATION OF FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The related parties include directors, major shareholders, key management personnel, senior executives and emities over which the directors are able to exercise influence. Transaction with related parties are on arm's length basis (except for where stated else wise). Details of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

Name of the related	Nature of	Nature of Townston Andrew the same		2024	
party	relationship	Transactions during the year	Rupces		
Ch. Muhammad Aslam	Director	Opening Balance Loan received /(repaid) Transfer of shares of REIT Loan converted into share capital	10,000,000 (10,000,000)	13,000,000 (3,000,000)	
				10,000,000	
		Opening Balance	100,000		
Ch. Ozair Aslam	Chief Executive	Amount Received	100,009		
		Loan converted into share capital			
			190,000		

Other Transactions are disclosed in below note

	2925			
Purchase of marketable securities for and on behalf Sale of marketable securities for and or behalf Bookerage income	9,6%,172 13,838,963 45,838 21,7%,978	4,425,665,544 4,428,212,964 4,705,215 8,858,583,743	7,986,215 38,700 8,024,915	4,443,321,931 4,446,241,347 4,899,256 8,889,379,628
		2024	1.	
	Gief Executive	Director	Otsen	Total
Purchase of marketable securities for and on behalf	656,400	383,769,143		584,425,543
Sale of marketable securities for and or behalf	1,649.590	601,189,697		602,858,287
Brolerage Income	8,400	1,877,315	4.5	1,885,775
	2,334,390	1,189,664,033		1,189,121,105

#### 30 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

30.1 The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest risk risk, currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk ananagement focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to react to change in market conditions and the Company's activities

Risks measured and managed by the Company are explained below.

#### 30.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market prices of instruments due to change in credit rating of the issuers or the instruments, changes in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of instruments and liquidity in the market. The Company manages the market risk by monitoring exposure on financial instruments and by following internal sisk management policies.

Market risk comprises of three types of risks: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk.

#### 30.2.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

- Fair value risk Presently, fair value risk to the Company arises from 'balances with banks' and TDRs which are based on fixed interest rates. As at December 31, 2023, the impact of increase / decrease in fixed interest rates by 100 basis points would not have a material impact on the profit after tax of the Company.
- Future cash flow risk Presently, there is no future cash flow risk to the Company since no item is based on floating interest rates (i.e. KIBOR based). As at June 30, 2025, had there been increase / decrease of 50 basis points in KIBOR with all other variables held constant, profit after taxation for the year then ended would have no effect.

### 30.2.2 Currency risk

Currency risk arises mainly where receivables and psyables exist due to transactions entered into in foreign currencies. The Company does not have any significant foreign currency exposures.

#### 30.2.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. As at June 30, 2025, the Company is exposed to Investment in listed equity securities.

#### 30.3 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	Rupees	Rupees
Long term investments	359,658,728	335,915,196
Long term deposits	2,765,000	2,075,000
Trade and other receivable - net	22,242,728	11,151,891
Short Term Advances and Deposits	52,873,357	14,921,495
Short term investments	71,220	1,595,120
Bank balances	109,172,164	64,003,186
	546,783,197	429,661,888

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due not impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (If available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

	R	ating		2025	2024	
	Short Term   Long Term   A		The state of the s		apees	
JS Bark	A1+	AA	PACRA	103,682,719	58,665,049	
MCB Bank	A1+	AAA	PACRA	5,489,445	5,338,137	
ISE Reit Management Co. Ltd.	A1	A	PACRA	359,658,728	335,915,196	
And the state of t			100000	109,172,164	64,003,186	

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving doe consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal. The provision for expected credit loss has been provided on customer receivables on the basis of risk profile as per note 9.

#### 30.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company's approach to manage liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its financial liabilities when due. Accordingly, the Company maintains sufficient cash and also ensures availability of funding through credit facilities.

The analysis below summarizes the Company's financial liabilities (based on contractual undiscounted cash flows) into relevant maturity group on the remaining period as at the reporting date:

		Contractual Cash flows	Less than One Year	Between one to Five Years
2025	Figurcial Liabilities			
	Trade and other payables	130,485,858	130,485,858	
2024				
	Financial Liabilities Trade and other payables	59,162,410	59,162,410	¥8
				1.0

200

#### 31 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying value and the fair value estimates. The Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows: - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1); - inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and - inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3). The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement of a financial instrument is categorized in its entirety shall be determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of that financial instrument.

- 2	As at June 30, 2	925	7	As at June 30, 20	024
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
71,220			2,745,435		
	359,658,728			335,915,196	
	Level 1	Level 1 Level 2	71,220	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 1  71,220 2,745,435	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 1 Level 2  71,220 2,745,435

#### 32 Capital Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's obility to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. The proportion of borrowings to equity at the year end was:

	2025	2024
Total Borrowings		The same of the
Total Equity	432,984,457	400,818,824
	432,984,457	400,818,824
Gearing Ratio	0%	046

#### 33 EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

There were no subsequent events that may require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements as at reporting date.

#### 34 GENERAL

The figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee

35	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEE	
	Number of persons employed	
	Average number of employees during the year	

#### 36 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statement have been authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company on

Chief Executive Officer



2=

Director

2024

2025

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Universal Member: Pakistan Mercantile Exchange

TREC Holder Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX)
Registered Broker Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)



### GENERAL INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS**

The Directors of M/S General Investment & Securities (Private) Limited feels pleasure in presenting the report for the Financial Year 2024-25. The Annual Accounts for the Financial Year 2024-25 have been audited by the company's auditor's M/S Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran Chartered Accountants.

That M/S General Investment & Securities (Private) Limited having its registered office in Islamabad was incorporated on November 11, 1997, vide Registration No. 0038496 and engaged in the business of brokerage, sale and purchase of listed securities member of Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) vide TREC No. 442. Member of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange (PMEX) vide Membership No. MEM-188 and also Member of Pakistan Stock Broker Association vide Registration No. PSBA-442

#### Financial Highlights

During the FY 2024-25, the company has borne an after-tax profit of Rs. 18,082,102 {2024: 19,122,137}. The silent highlights of the profit and loss accounts is given here as;

2025	2024
64,586,160	61,706,048
43,983,458	36,996,780
1,079,774	(2,108,634)
20,199,268	19,122,137
18,082,102	19,122,137
	64,586,160 43,983,458 1,079,774 20,199,268

#### **Board of Directors**

There are four (4) Directors of the company

Mr. Ozair Aslam Chaudhary

Director / CEO

Mr. Omair Aslam Chaudhary

Director

Mr. Faisal Nasim

Director

Mr. Chaudhary Muhammad Asiam

Director

"Subject to rules of the Exchange" Head Office

Office No. 205, 2nd Floor, ISE Towers 55-B, Jinnah Avenue, Blue Area, Islamabad Tel: 051-2894946-9 Fax: 051-2894950
Emails: <u>Elaporti Parial Comp.</u> <u>compliance@eis.com.pk</u>

Universal Member: Pakistan Mercantile Exchange

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#### **Authorized Capital**

That authorized capital of the company remained 180,000,000/- divided in 1,800,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- and issued, subscribed & paid-up capital is Rs, 94,029,300/- divided in 940,293 shares of Rs. 100/- each. The shareholding in this regard is as follows

Name OF Director S	Share Holding	
Mr. Ozair Aslam Chaudhary	30,774	
Mr. Omair Aslam Chaudhary	30,774	
Mr. Faisal Nasim	3,897	
Mr. Chaudhary Muhammad Aslam	874,848	

#### Annual General Meeting

Annual general meeting of the company held on 23<sup>rd</sup> October 2025, and following Directors were present at the time of Annual General Meeting held on 23.10.2025.

Name of Director	Designation	Attendance
Mr. Ozair Aslam Chaudhary	Director / CEO	Yes
Mr. Omair Aslam Chaudhary	Director	Yes
Mr. Faisal Nasim	Director	Yes
Mr. Chaudhary Muhammad Aslam	Director	Yes

Financial Statements are approved by the Board of Directors in Annual General Meeting of the company showing profit of Rs. 18,082,102.

"Subject to rales of the Dicharge" Head Office

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#### Auditors

That present auditor's M/S Nasir Javaid Magsood Imran Chartered Accountants of the company for the FY 2025-26 has been retired and offers themselves for re-appointment.

#### Acknowledgement

The director wishes to place on record its gratitude to the regulations, its bankers, members and clients for their continued cooperation and support. Furthermore, the directors appreciate the valuable, loyal, and commendable services rendered to the company by its employees.

Chief Executive Officer

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### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The company has prepared a code of ethics and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.

Furthermore, the company ID compliant with the requirements as mentioned in corporate governance code.

Chief Executive Officer

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# CEO STATEMENT AS PER REGULATION 9(a) OF ANNEXURE D READ WITH REGULATION 16(1) (f) OF THE SECURITIES BROKERS (LICENSING AND OPERATIONS) REGULATIONS 2016

I, Ozair Aslam Chaudhary CEO of General Investments & Securities (Pvt.) Limited "the company" hereby undertake that there were no transactions entered into by the company during the year ended June 30, 2025 which fraudulent, illegal, or in violation of any securities market laws.

Chief Executive Officer

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### DISCLOSURE OF CLIENTS SECURITIES HELD IN CDS

### With respect to regulation 34(2)(a)

- (i) the Company had dealt with the customers' assets received by it in accordance withthe requirements of the Act.
- (ii) the Company was maintaining separate bank accounts titles "Client accounts" with the banks and it was kept the money belonging to clients in those designated bank accounts.
- (iii) shares belonging to the clients were kept in their respective sub accounts maintained with the Central Depository Company of Pakistan (CDC) and the shares belonging to the Company were kept in separate account with the CDC and proper records / documents were maintained in this respect.
- (iv) Our Auditors also reviewed & prepared the "Client Assets Segregation Statement" for the management of the Company as at June 30, 2025 and found no inconsistency. The said statement was timely filed by the Company with PSX.

Chief Executive Officer

"Subject to rules of the Exchange" Head Office